Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2013



EAST TENNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Financial Statements and Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2013

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Schedule of Directors and Officials Year Ended June 30, 2013

Board of Directors

Officers

Chairman: William Baird, Campbell County Mayor
Vice-Chairman: Estelle Herron, Loudon County Mayor
Secretary: Troy Beets, City of Kingston Mayor
Treasurer: Bill Brittain, Hamblen County Mayor

Executive Committee Members

Terry Frank, Anderson County Mayor Donald R. Mull, Mayor of Alcoa William A. Baird, Campbell County Mayor Jack C. Daniels, Claiborne County Mayor Vaughn Moore, Cocke County Mayor Mark Hipsher, Grainger County Mayor Bill Brittain, Hamblen County Mayor Rodney K. Davis, Jefferson County Development Representative Tim Burchett, Knox County Mayor Estelle Herron, Loudon County Mayor Tim Yates, Monroe County Mayor Don Edwards, Morgan County Executive Ron Woody, Roane County Executive Troy Beets, City of Kingston Mayor Jeff Tibbals, Scott County Mayor Larry Watters, Sevier County Mayor Mike Williams, Union County Mayor

Tennessee General Assembly

Senator Ken Yager Representative Kelly Keisling

Minority Members-at-Large

George Williams, Manager, Alcoa City Center

EAST TENNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Directors and Officials (Continued)

Other Members of the Board of Directors

Anderson County

Mr. Tim Thompson Mayor Scott Burton Mayor Timothy L. Sharp Mayor Chris Mitchell Mayor Tom Beehan

Blount County

Mayor Ed Mitchell Mr. Bryan Daniels Mayor Ann Edmonds Mayor Tom Taylor Mayor Tom Bickers Mayor Michael Talley Mayor Carl Koella

Campbell County

Mayor Chris Stanley Mayor Jack Cannon Mr. J. Harold Willoughby Mayor Mike Stanfield Mayor Les Stiers

Claiborne County

Mayor Bill McGaffee Mayor Bill Fultz Mayor Jerry Beeler Ms. Robin Mason Mayor Wayne Jessie

Cocke County

Mayor Connie Ball Mayor Mary Keller Mr. Glenn Ray

Morgan County

Mayor J.R. Voyles Mayor Joey Williams Mayor Dennis Reagan Ms. Sharon Heidel

Grainger County

Mr. David Lietzke Mayor Patsy McElhaney Mayor Danny Turley Mayor Terry Wolfe

Hamblen County

Mr. Marshall Ramsey Mayor Danny Thomas

Jefferson County

Mayor George A. Gantte Mayor Michael Keane Mayor Charles Guinn Mayor Stanley Wilder Mayor Alan Palmieri Mayor Mark Potts

Knox County

Mr. Dean Rice Mayor Ralph McGill Mayor Madeline Rogero

Loudon County

Mayor Tom Peeler Mayor Tony Aikens Mayor Judy McGill Keller Mayor John Drinnon Mr. Pat Phillips

Monroe County

Mr. Shan Harris Mayor Doyle Lowe Mayor Alfred McClendon Mayor Patrick Hawkins Mayor Larry Summey

Roane County

Mayor Chris Mason Mayor Troy Beets Mayor Chris Hepler Mayor James Watts Ms. Leslie Henderson

EAST TENNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Directors and Officials (Continued)

Other Members of the Board of Directors

Scott County

Mr. David Cross Mayor Jack E. Lay Mayor Virgil D. Cecil Mayor George W. Potter

Union County

Mayor Johnny Merritt Mayor H.E. Richardson Mayor Gary Chandler

Sevier County

Mayor Mike Werner Mayor David Wear Mayor Glenn Cardwell Mayor Bryan Atchley Ms. Earlene Teaster

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors
East Tennessee Development District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of East Tennessee Development District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 6 - 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operations, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Directors and Officers is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Directors and Officers has not been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Knoxville, Tennessee November 13, 2013

Rodefor Moss + Co, PUC

EAST TENNNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Management's Discussion & Analysis June 30, 2013

Within this section of the East Tennessee Development District's (the "District") financial report, management provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The District's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The District's assets exceed its liabilities by \$3,106,347 ("net position") for the fiscal year reported. This compares to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,950,741.
- Net position consist of the following:
 - (1) Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of \$54,638
 - (2) Net position amounting to \$1,196,455 and \$21,044 are restricted for use in the Economic Development Agency Revolving Loan Fund Program ("EDA RLF") and the Small and Minority Business Loan program, respectively.
 - (3) Unrestricted net position of \$1,834,210 represent the portion available to maintain the District's continuing obligations to local governments, grantors and creditors.
- The District's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$3,751,709 for the year ended June 30, 2013. This compares to the prior year fund balance of \$3,578,403. Of these amounts, \$1,917,499 and \$1,919,360 were reserved for the EDA RLF Program and the Small and Minority Owned Business Program for the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively.
- Total Liabilities of the District's governmental funds at year end increased \$42,232 to \$298,670. Of the total liabilities, \$149,255 consists of an inner-district liability of the Grants Management Fund payable to the General Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Overview of Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduce the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: government-wide financial statements; fund financial statements; and notes to the financial statements. The District also includes in this report additional information to supplement the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements both provide long-term and short-term information about the District's status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide financial statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the District-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

Overview of Financial Statements (Continued)

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when the cash is received or disbursed. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the District's local governments and grantors.

Both government-wide financial statements are designed to distinguish between governmental activities supported mostly by grants and assessments and business-type activities. However, all of the District's activities fall within governmental activities category.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's funds rather than the District as a whole. The district utilizes one type of fund: governmental funds.

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Schedule of Expenditure of State Awards and the Schedule of Directors and Officials.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District implemented the new financial reporting model used in this report beginning with fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole (Continued)

The District's net position increased \$155,606 during the fiscal year from a beginning balance of \$2,950,741 to \$3,106,347 at fiscal year end.

At this time, both state and federal grant programs appear to be stable. The rural transportation program will continue to be funded with a 10% match from the District. Grant administration services to participating cities and counties within our region remain stable as well with multiple new projects that have been approved for funding in addition to the projects we were providing administrative services for as of June 30, 2013. The District continues cost control efforts as reflected in our financial statements.

Summary of Net Position		
	2013	2012
Current and other assets Restricted assets Capital assets	\$ 2,583,754 1,317,370 54,638	\$ 2,590,707 1,129,380 72,338
Total assets	\$ 3,955,762	\$ 3,792,425
Current liabilities Small and minority owned business loan payable	\$ 149,415 700,000	\$ 141,684 700,000
Total liabilities	\$ 849,415	\$ 841,684
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for revolving loan fund Small and minority owned business loan program Unrestricted	\$ 54,638 1,196,455 21,044 1,834,210	\$ 72,338 1,188,973 26,818 1,662,612
Total net position	\$ 3,106,347	\$ 2,950,741

The Summary of Net Position table shows an increase in total net position in the current year over the previous year of \$155,606. We have maintained good control over our expenses and an increase in Total Assets is reflective of the increase in net position.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole (Continued)

The comparative data provided below is a summary of changes in net position for the current and previous fiscal years:

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2013	% of Total		2012	% of Total
Revenues					
Programs revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,077,712	48.4%	\$	1,233,207	55.1%
Operating grants	1,097,402	49.2%		927,551	41.4%
General revenues:					
Interest earned	53,898	2.4%		78,561	3.5%
Other revenues	 850	<u>0.0</u> %			<u>0.0</u> %
Total revenues	\$ 2,229,862	100.0%	\$	2,239,319	100.0%
Expenses					
General government	\$ 1,176,994	56.7%	\$	1,110,121	56.6%
Public services	 897,262	43.3%		850,755	<u>43.4</u> %
Total expenses	\$ 2,074,256	<u>100.0</u> %	\$	1,960,876	<u>100.0</u> %
Change in net position	\$ 155,606		\$	278,443	
Net position at the beginning of the year	 2,950,741		_	2,672,298	
Net position at the end of the year	\$ 3,106,347		\$	2,950,741	

In review of the Summary of Changes in Net Position, there have been a few shifts from the previous year. The Charges for services have decreased \$155,495 mainly due to the Local Planning services Transition Grant reduction of \$107,000 and one of our main local assessments being paid that was not in the previous year. Our operating grants increased \$169,851 mainly due to a new Water Quality Grant this year. Public Service expenses have increased this year due to the addition of the Water Quality Grant. The General government expenses have increased this year over last with an increase in ERP requests this year.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term inflow and outflow of expendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at year-end in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balance of \$3,751,709. Of this year-end total \$1,834,210 is unreserved indicating availability for continuing District requirements. Restricted fund balances of \$1,917,499 are reserved for the EDA RLF Program \$1,196,455 and the Small and Minority Owned Business Loan Program \$721,044. Fund balances increased this year by \$173,306. Key factors contributing to this increase were revenues from grant programs and continued efforts to control operating costs.

Proprietary Funds

The District has no proprietary funds.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's capital assets, \$199,576, net of accumulated depreciation (\$144,938) amounted to \$54,638. Additions made to capital assets during the fiscal year amounted to \$3,927. Depreciation expense for the year amounted to \$21,627.

Long-term Debt and Bond Ratings

The District has no long-term debt. Development District legislation has no provision authorizing the issuance of bonds.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Tennessee economy experienced sustained growth during the first 9 months of 2013 although the pace of expansion has not equaled expectations. Despite the relatively modest pace of growth, the state was able to make up additional ground that was lost over the course of the Great Recession. Further progress is needed in the quarters ahead to allow for a full recovery, especially in state labor markets. Employment growth came in at 1.3 percent versus 1.4 percent growth for the national economy. Especially noteworthy was the 2.9 percent increase in employment in the state's manufacturing sector. Growth in the durable goods sector has been vibrant while job losses in nondurable goods manufacturing have continued (CBER Tennessee Economic Outlook for 2013).

Within the ETDD region, several large industrial locations and expansions have occurred in 2013. In Loudon County, the location of Del Conca Tile will create 178 new jobs and the company will invest over \$70 million in a new building and equipment. The recent location of ProNova in Blount County will result in the creation of 500 new jobs and the company expects to invest up to \$52 million in buildings and equipment. Long time heavyweight Alcoa Aluminum announced a \$300 million dollar expansion in the summer of 2013 - reversing a sustained decline in the manufacturing capacity of their Blount County operations.

The housing sector continues to improve as low cost financing and affordable prices have combined to bolster existing home sales levels. As inventories decrease, housing developers are adding new housing stock at a pace not seen since the pre-recession years. In the Town of Farragut, the value of building permits issued in the first 9 months of 2013 exceeds the total annual value of permits for all of 2012.

Tourism revenues are also staging an impressive comeback. In Sevier County, the dominant tourism market in the ETDD region, sales tax revenues are up 4.6 % over 2012 levels and 12.4% over 2011 levels.

At the federal level, continued uncertainty regarding annual budget levels for programs, the impact of another round of sequestration and the partisan brinksmanship that seems to be associated with increasing the debt ceiling level will cause significant anxiety among all benefactors of federal funding. However, ETDD recently received confirmation from the Economic Development Administration that another 3 years of funding have been approved at a level of \$58,500 per year. This level is marginally lower than the \$63,000 annual contribution that ETDD received over the past three years but certainly a welcome commitment in tight budget times. Likewise for the Appalachian Regional Commission - ETDD expects to receive \$128,530 in calendar year 2013 versus the \$135,369 that ETDD received in calendar year 2012. Although the levels of funding have decreased, ETDD is faring comparatively well given the current fiscal climate.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget (Continued)

At the state level, ETDD has received commitments from various state departments to fund all of ETDDs existing state funded activities. TDOT will continue to fund the two Rural Transportation Organizations at level funding, TACIR will continue to fund the infrastructure survey at level funding, THDA will maintain its \$20,000 commitment for housing advocacy and the Historical Commission will fund ETDD's historic preservation activities at the FY 2012 level. The solid waste program experienced a reduction of approximately \$10,000 from 2012 and the Elderly Repair Program will not be funded by THDA in FY 2014. Beyond these modest decreases, ETDD's funding from the State of Tennessee remains stable and reliable.

Internally, ETDD expects to continue to garner grant administration revenue from the Community Development Block Grant Program, the FastTrack Infrastructure Development Program and the US Economic Development Administration. Total annual revenues from these programs should remain stable with past annual levels.

In summary, even during the tight budget environment, both the Federal Government and the State of Tennessee have continued to fund all of the District's current programs. All indications are that the Federal Government and the State of Tennessee will continue to fund the District's programs at current or slightly lower levels for the foreseeable future. This expectation, coupled with an accelerated economic recovery in the region, leave the District in a somewhat favorable position for the coming year. Although the region is still experiencing relatively high unemployment rates, growth in the service sector (lodging, legal, education management, health services, etc.) is robust and significant increases in business investment are evident throughout the region. The economic outlook for the State of Tennessee for 2014 includes dramatic new job growth and healthy increases in household income averages. Given these factors, along with historic low interest rates, and increased consumer confidence and spending, economic activity in our region is expected to be above average in 2014.

Analysis of economic factors and trends in government funding are essential to the District's budgeting process. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the District's Board of Directors approved a budget with total expenditures of \$1,823,794 and total revenues of \$1,823,828. The District's budget is adopted and maintained in compliance with applicable District policies and State laws.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like additional information, contact the District's Fiscal Officer at P.O. Box 249, Alcoa, TN 37701-0249.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

ASSETS				
Current Assets - Unrestricted	Φ.	1 662 042		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,663,843		
Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivables		155,671 149,255		
Prepaid expenses		149,233		
repaid expenses		14,030		
Total current assets - unrestricted			\$	1,983,625
Current Assets - Restricted				
Revolving Loan Fund, current maturities		89,153		
Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Program, current maturities		166,313		
Total current assets - restricted				1,317,370
Total current assets				3,300,995
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation				54,638
Revolving Loan Fund, less current maturities				533,015
Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Program, less current maturities				67,114
•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total assets			\$	3,955,762
Total assets LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			\$	3,955,762
			\$	3,955,762
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	39,518	\$	3,955,762
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave	\$	39,518 73,038	\$	3,955,762
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable	\$		\$	3,955,762
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave	\$	73,038	\$	3,955,762
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave Other current liabilities Total current liabilities	\$	73,038	<u>\$</u>	149,415
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave Other current liabilities	\$	73,038	\$ \$	1
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave Other current liabilities Total current liabilities	\$	73,038	\$	149,415
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave Other current liabilities Total current liabilities Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Payable Total liabilities	\$	73,038	\$ \$	149,415 700,000
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave Other current liabilities Total current liabilities Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Payable Total liabilities Net Position	\$	73,038	\$	149,415 700,000 849,415
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave Other current liabilities Total current liabilities Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Payable Total liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	\$	73,038	\$	149,415 700,000 849,415 54,638
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave Other current liabilities Total current liabilities Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Payable Total liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Revolving Loan Fund	\$	73,038	\$	149,415 700,000 849,415 54,638 1,196,455
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave Other current liabilities Total current liabilities Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Payable Total liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets	\$	73,038	\$	149,415 700,000 849,415 54,638
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued leave Other current liabilities Total current liabilities Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Payable Total liabilities Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Revolving Loan Fund Restricted for Small and Minority Owned Business Loan Program	\$	73,038	\$	149,415 700,000 849,415 54,638 1,196,455 21,044

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Program Revenues					
		C	Charges for		Operating		
Function / Programs	 Expenses		Services		Grants	Ne	et Revenue
Governmental activities General government Public service	\$ 1,176,994 897,262	\$	1,077,712	\$	1,097,402	\$	(99,282) 200,140
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,074,256	\$	1,077,712	\$	1,097,402		100,858
General revenues Interest earned Other revenue Total general revenue							7,245 850 8,095
Public service revenue Interest earned							46,653
Increase in net position							155,606
Net position at the beginning of the year							2,950,741
Net position at the end of the year						\$	3,106,347

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

		General	Ma	Grants anagement	Go	Total evernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Current Assets - Unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,663,843	\$	-	\$	1,663,843
Accounts receivable		155,671		-		155,671
Due from other funds		149,255		-		149,255
Intergovernmental receivable		-		149,255		149,255
Prepaid expenses		14,856				14,856
Total current assets - unrestricted		1,983,625		149,255		2,132,880
Restricted assets:						
Revolving Loan Fund, current maturities		89,153		-		89,153
Small and Minority-Owned Business						
Loan Program, less current maturities		166,313				166,313
Total current assets - restricted		1,317,370				1,317,370
Total current assets		3,300,995		149,255		3,450,250
Revolving Loan Fund, less current maturities		533,015		-		533,015
Small and Minority-Owned Business						
Loan Program, less current maturities		67,114		-		67,114
Total assets	¢	2 001 124	•	149,255	¢	4,050,379
Total assets	<u> </u>	3,901,124	\$	149,233	\$	4,030,379
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	39,518	\$	1	\$	39,518
Accrued leave		73,038		_		73,038
Other current liabilities		36,859		-		36,859
Due to other funds		· _		149,255		149,255
			-			
Total current liabilities	_	149,415	_	149,255		298,670
Fund balances						
Restricted for						
Restricted for Revolving Loan Fund		1,196,455				1,196,455
Small and Minority Owned Business Loan Program		721,044		· // -/		721,044
Unassigned		1,834,210				1,834,210
Total fund balances	_	3,751,709	4		-	3,751,709
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,901,124	\$	149,255	\$	4,050,379

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2013

Total fund balance - total governmental funds \$ 3,751,709

Amounts reported for government activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Captital assets of \$199,576 net of accumulated depreciation of (\$144,938) are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. See Note 4. 54,638

Long -term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. See Note 10 for additional detail. (700,000)

Net assets of governmental activities

3,106,347

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Grants		
	General Fund	Management	Total
Revenues			
Grantor contributions	\$ -	\$ 938,168	\$ 938,168
Contributions - in-kind	ψ -	159,234	159,234
Local assessments	188,039	139,234	188,039
Local contracts	379,555	_	379,555
Interest income	46,455	-	46,455
Administrative contracts	240,763	-	240,763
	,	-	
Regional Planning	260,167	-	260,167
Other revenue	17,481		17,481
Total revenue	1,132,460	1,097,402	2,229,862
Expenditures			
Salaries	529,368	337,004	866,372
Fringe benefits	275,430	175,346	450,776
Travel	22,713	14,460	37,173
Rent - office, storage, and equipment	47,553	30,273	77,826
Capital purchases	2,399	1,528	3,927
Audit	7,026	4,474	11,500
Contracted services	986	627	1,613
Automobile expenses	7,527	4,792	12,319
Conferences and meetings	8,356	5,320	13,676
Printing	3,269	2,080	5,349
Equipment repairs and maintenance	14,722	9,373	24,095
Memberships and publications	5,891	3,751	9,642
Postage	3,567	2,270	5,837
Materials and supplies	5,146	3,276	8,422
Telephone and e-mail services	3,453	2,199	5,652
Insurance premiums	9,464	6,025	15,489
Grant expenses	192,959	122,840	315,799
*	14,644		
Planning expense	14,044	9,322	23,966
Grant expenses - in-kind	-	159,234	159,234
Other expenditures	4,821	3,068	7,889
Total expenditures	1,159,294	897,262	2,056,556
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures	(26,834)	200,140	173,306
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers from other funds	200,140	11 11	200,140
Transfers to other funds	200,110	(200,140)	(200,140)
Transfers to other range		(200,110)	(200,110)
Net other financing sources (uses)	200,140	(200,140)	
Net increase in fund balance	173,306	-	173,306
Fund balances at the beginning of the year	3,578,403		3,578,403
Fund balances at the end of the year	\$ 3,751,709	\$ -	\$ 3,751,709

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2013

Increase in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 173,306

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and recorded as deprecation expense. Depreciation expense in the current period was \$21,627. There were \$3,927 in net capital purchases. (17,700)

Increase in Net Assets - Governmental Activities

155,606

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

East Tennessee Development District (the "District") follows GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

Financial Reporting Entity - The District is a political subdivision of the State of Tennessee created in accordance with Chapter 241 of the Public Acts of 1965. The District was established in 1966 as a means for the counties and municipalities within the district to effectively organize themselves to carry on general and comprehensive planning and development activities. The District serves Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Hamblen, Jefferson, Knox, Loudon, Monroe, Roane, Scott, Sevier and Union Counties, in the State of Tennessee. There are no other entities which comprise the reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The District only participates in governmental activities. These activities are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The District's funds are categorized as governmental. An emphasis is placed on major funds. Both of the District's funds are considered to be major because total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Major Funds

The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows:

<u>General</u> - The fund accounts for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Grants Management Fund - The fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of all grants received.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus - On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used.

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. The funds use fund balance as the measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting - In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable is defined as knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available is defined as collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

When both restricted and unrestricted sources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted as they are needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - For reporting purposes, the District considers all demand accounts and certificates of deposits to be cash equivalents.

Interfund Receivables and Payables - During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Receivables - In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include grants, assessments, and contractual reimbursements.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables include revenue accruals such as grants and other intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Notes Receivable - The notes receivable consist of loans to various local business through the Revolving Loan Fund and Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan program, further discussed in Notes 8 and 9, respectively.

Capital Assets - In the governmental-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Computer equipment 3 years Autos and other equipment 5 years

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

Fund Financial Statements

Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (i.e., inventories) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund). Non-spendable fund balance also includes the long-term portion of loans and notes receivable and property acquired for resale.

Restricted fund balances have constraints imposed by grantors, creditors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances result when the government's governing body imposes constraints through formal action of that body. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes the constraint using the same type of action that was used to commit those amounts. The government would commit, modify or rescind those funds by a vote of the Executive Committee.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Equity Classifications - (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)

Assigned fund balances are constrained by the government's intent for those assigned amounts to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the governing body, a body to which the governing body has delegated authority (i.e., a budget or finance committee), or an official that the governing body has designated. The Executive Director or Deputy Director would be authorized to assign these funds. This would be treated on a case by case basis as authorized by a vote of the Executive Committee.

Any residual fund balance remaining after all of the other categories of fund balance have been determined is categorized as *unassigned* fund balance.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then use unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used. As of June 30, 2013, the District did not have committed or assigned fund balances.

Restricted Assets - Restricted assets include cash and notes receivable of the general fund that are legally restricted as to their use. These assets are related to the Economic Development Agency Revolving Loan Fund Program and the Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Program.

Concentration of Risk - Financial instruments that potentially subject the District to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash. The District places its cash with financial institutions and, at times, such balances may exceed federally insured amounts. At June 30, 2013, all of the District's bank accounts were fully insured either by the FDIC or by the banks' participation in the State of Tennessee's collateral pool.

Compensated Absences - The District's employees are granted annual leave in varying amounts per month based on years of service, as well as 45 hours in personal leave per fiscal year. Annual leave may be accumulated in an amount up to 450 hours; amounts in excess of 450 hours at June 30 will be forfeited. At June 30, 2013, accrued annual leave amounted to \$73,038. Up to 15 hours of unused personal leave may be carried over to the next year. The unused portion is forfeited. The unearned portion of personal leave is forfeited upon termination of employment. Prior to December 31, 1998, employees were granted sick leave. Accrued sick leave may be used for bereavement and in conjunction with short-term and/or long-term disability and is forfeited at termination.

Revenues - Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) operating grants; and (2) charges for services for local assessments, local contracts, and administrative contracts. Interest and other revenue are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

In-kind Revenue and Expenditures - The District administers the elderly repair program which requires an in-kind match of labor or materials from the home-owner. The match is determined by the number of labor hours at minimum wage and the actual cost of the materials and is recorded as in-kind revenue and in-kind grant expenses. In-kind revenue and grant expenses were \$159,234 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Expenditures/Expenses - In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for government type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character: Current (further classified by function)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

Interfund Transfers - Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity, are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual government funds have been eliminated.

New Accounting Pronouncements - For fiscal year 2013, the District implemented GASB Statements No. 63 and 65. Statements No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows and inflows of resources, originally introduced and defined in GASB Concepts Statements No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, as a consumption of net position applicable to future reporting period and an acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Further, Concepts Statement No. 4 also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position.

Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* reclassifies and recognizes certain items that were formerly reported as assets and liabilities as one of four financial statement elements:

- Deferred outflows of resources
- Outflows of resources
- Deferred inflows of resources
- Inflows of resources

Concepts Statement No. 4 requires that deferred outflows and deferred inflows be recognized only in those instances specifically identified in GASB pronouncements. Statement No. 65 provides that guidance.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Date of Management's Review - Management has evaluated events for recognition or disclosure through November 13, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were issued. No material or significant events have occurred that would affect the financial statements or footnote disclosures through that date.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's bank deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance and collateral held in the District's name in the Bank Collateral Pool monitored by the State of Tennessee Treasury Department.

NOTE 3 - ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS

The District contracts to provide accounting and administrative services to Areawide Development Corporation Reimbursement. Accounting and administrative costs totaled \$344,436 (including in local contract revenue) for the year ended June 30, 2013.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets are summarized as follows:

	Bal	ance as of					Bal	ance as of
		7/1/12	Α	dditions	Re	etirements		5/30/13
Governmental activities								
Furniture and equipment	\$	124,445	\$	3,927	\$	-	\$	128,372
Automobile		88,856				17,652		71,204
	\$	213,301	\$	3,927	\$	17,652	\$	199,576
Accumulated depreciation								
Furniture and equipment	\$	97,780	\$	9,890	\$	20-	\$	107,670
Automobiles	_	43,183	_	11,737		17,652	_	37,268
	\$	140,963	\$	21,627	\$	17,652	\$	144,938
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	72,338	\$	(17,700)	\$		\$	54,638

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government Public services	\$ 5,935 15,692
Total depreciation expense	\$ 21,627

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 5 - OPERATING LEASES

East Tennessee Development District leases facilities, a storage location, and office equipment under operating leases. Rent expense under these leases for the year ended June 30, 2013, was \$77,826. Operating lease requirements under these agreements for the next five years and thereafter will be approximately:

2014	\$ 77,544
2015	77,544
2016	77,297
2017	76,884
2018	76,884
Thereafter	 2,133,531
	\$ 2.519.684

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS

Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees of the East Tennessee Development District may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b) (Deferred Compensations Plans With Respect to Service for State and Local Governments). The District adopted GASB Statement No. 32, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*, in 1998. In accordance with GASB No. 32, the separate assets and liabilities of the plan are in a separate trust and therefore are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The Plan is administered by Hartford Life Insurance Company effective January 1, 2012. Previously, the Plan was administered by Nationwide Retirement Consulting Group.

Employees are eligible on the first day of the month following completion of six months of continuous service. The Plan permits salary reduction contributions up to the maximum allowed as well as catch up contributions for employees beginning at age 50. The District matches 100% of the employee's contributions up to 5% of W-2 eligible compensation. The District may also make a discretionary contribution each year in addition to the matching contribution. There was no discretionary contribution for the year ended June 30, 2013. Employee contributions were \$67,879 and the District's match was \$41,508 for the year ended June 30, 2013. Employees are 100% vested at all times.

Money Purchase Pension Plan

The District maintains a Money Purchase Pension Plan for all employees in lieu of social security deductions. The Plan is defined contribution plan, established January 1, 1983, and amended January 1, 2010, under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. All employees depend solely on amounts contributed by the District to the Plan. Employees must be 18 years of age in order to participate in the Plan and become eligible immediately on their hire date. The Plan has fixed employer contribution of 15.3% of W-2 eligible wages. The fixed contribution amount may be adjusted annually and equals the FICA tax rate plus the Medicare tax rate for the Plan year for both an employer and an employee subject to those taxes but no less than 7.5%. Employees are 100% vested at all times. The District's total salaries were \$866,372 in 2013. The District contributed \$132,362 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 7 - REVOLVING LOAN FUND

The District administers a program whereby low interest loans are made to businesses qualifying under a long-term economic deterioration grant under Title IX, Section 903 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended, and the Revolving Loan Fund Plan for East Tennessee Development District (the "Plan") dated July 29, 1983.

Funding for the loans is provided by the U.S. Economic Development Administration ("EDA") and the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development ("TECD"), at 75% and 25%, respectively.

The June 30, 2013 balance of \$622,168 in notes receivable consists of loans to seven entities. The notes bear, at a minimum, a rate of interest of prime (as defined) minus 1%, are collateralized by certain equipment, and mature in 2014 through 2026. Current interest rates range from 5.25% to 8.00%.

The District's exposure to credit loss in the amount of nonperformance by the other party to the notes receivable is represented by the contractual amount of the notes receivable. The District evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained is based on the Revolving Loan Fund guidelines. Management periodically evaluates the need for an allowance for losses based on the known and inherent risk, adverse situations that may affect the borrowers' ability to repay, estimated value of underlying and current economic conditions. As of June 30, 2013, management does not deem an allowance necessary.

Maturities of the notes receivable are summarized as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2014	\$ 89,153
2015	75,103
2016	58,192
2017	61,958
2018	64,811
Thereafter	272,951
	\$ 622,168

NOTE 8 - SMALL AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS LOAN PROGRAM

The District contracted with the State of Tennessee, Department of Treasury to administer and service loans for the State's Small and Minority-Owned Business Assistance Program developed pursuant to Chapter 830 of the Tennessee Public Acts of 2004 to support outreach to new, expanding, and existing small and minority-owned businesses in Tennessee that do not have reasonable access to capital markets and traditional commercial lending facilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 - SMALL AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS LOAN PROGRAM - (Continued)

The District is responsible for re-lending funds by originating and servicing loans at below market rates to qualifying businesses located in the counties within the district for the purpose of starting and expanding the respective business of the qualifying business. The qualifying business may obtain loans that initially finance a specific project such as acquisition of machinery and equipment, working capital, supplies and materials, inventory, and other business-related activity as approved by the Program Administrator. The maximum loan amount to any one qualifying business shall not exceed \$125,000 with an interest rate between a maximum of 2% over prime or a minimum of 2% under prime. The repayment period depends upon the use of the loan proceeds: equipment - the lesser of 5 years or its useful life; working capital, supplies and inventory - 3 years; or other business-related activity - 5 years. The collateral for the loans may be business or personal and may include real property, tangible personal property, accounts receivable, certificates of deposit, and other intangibles. However, assets acquired with loan proceeds must be used to secure the loan. Personal guarantees from all principal owners (with 20% or more ownership) must be obtained.

The District has notes receivable outstanding at June 30, 2013, of \$233,427 to seven entities with maturities ranging from 3 to 5 years and interest rates ranging from 5.25% to 8.00% and are collateralized based upon the established guidelines.

Maturities of the notes receivable are summarized as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2014	\$ 166,313
2015	56,145
2016	7,376
2017	3,593
	\$ 233,427

The District must repay the State of Tennessee the principal of all loans made under this program. The repayment of the funds has been deferred until the end of the program term, (ten years with an option to renew for additional five year terms). If the contract is terminated by the State of Tennessee for failure of the District to perform its obligations in a timely or proper manner or violation of any terms of the contract, the principal balance of all loans made under the program will be immediately due and payable on the effective date of the termination.

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position. The balance of long-term liabilities due to the Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Program at June 30, 2013, was \$700,000.

NOTE 9 - CHANGES IN SMALL AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS LOAN PAYABLE

	Bal	Balance as of			
	6/	30/2012	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2013
State of Tennessee					
Department of Treasury					
Small and minority owned					
business loan program	\$	700,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 700,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District carries commercial insurance for risks of loss including general liability, property, casualty, directors' and officers' liability, automobile, and crime. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCY

The District participates in federal and state financial assistance programs. Management is not aware of any deficiencies or noncompliance issues that, upon ultimate resolution, would have a material adverse impact on the financial statements of the District.



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2013

Grantor Agency	Program Name and CFDA Number	Contract Number	Amount of Award	Beginning (Accrued) Deferred	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Ending (Accrued) Deferred	
		-	*					-
U.S. Department of Commerce - Economic Development Administration	District Planning CFDA #11.302	04-83-06308		\$ -	\$ 31,500	\$ 60,750	\$ 29,250	(1)
U.S. Department of Commerce - Economic Development Administration	Revolving Loan Fund CFDA #11.307	04-39-03208		-	924,963	924,963	-	
National Park Service	Historic Preservation CFDA #15.904	GG-1237403 33064	32,000 32,000	9,856	9,856 20,476	28,939	8,463	(1)
Appalachian Regional Commission	District Assistance CFDA #23.009	TN-0710B-C42	135,368	-	135,409	135,409		
Federal Highway Administration	Rural Transportation (N) CFDA #20.205	GG-1236010 GG-1339527	45,190 45,190	10,986	10,986 34,464	45,247	10,783	(1)
Federal Highway Administration	Rural Transportation (S) CFDA # 20.205	GG-1235955 GG-1339524	47,638 47,638	11,215	11,215 34,489	47,383	12,894	(1)
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 32,057	\$ 1,213,358	\$ 1,242,691	\$ 61,390	

⁽¹⁾ Due from grantor at June 30, 2013. *The award is for 3 Calender years 1/1/2013-12/31/2015

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards June 30, 2013

Grantor Agency	Program Name and CFDA Number	Contract Number	Amount of Award	Beginning (Accrued) Deferred	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Ending (Accrued) Deferred
Tennessee Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations	Infrastructure Program	GU-12-36-955 33315	\$ 68,280 70,120	\$ 20,911	\$ 20,911 49,084	\$ - 70,120	\$ - 21,036 (1)
Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation	Solid Waste Grant	Z-09-213436-00 GG1338884	25,250 36,860	13,501	13,501 17,865	36,068	18,203 (1)
Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development	Matching Fund Grant	33013	150,000	-	150,000	150,000	-
Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development	Planning	GG-12-37-907	50,000	-	50,000	50,000	-
Tennessee Housing Development Authority	Technical Assistance Grant	31620-00075 31620-00137	20,000	11,650	11,650 4,425	19,300	- 14,875 (1)
Tennessee Housing Development Authority	Elderly Repair Program	Z-01-038328-00 ERP-2012-001	222,000	33,892	33,892 174,104	204,927	30,823 (1)
Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation	Water Quality Grant	29992 33049	86,800 47,700	-	86,800 12,140	86,800 41,825	29,685 (1)
Department of Transportation	Rural Transportation (S)	GG-12-35-955 GG-1339524	5,955 5,955	1,386	1,386 4,263	5,857	- 1,594 (1)
Department of Transportation	Rural Transportation (N)	GG-12-36-010 GG-1339527	5,649 5,649	1,358	1,358 4,260	5,592	1,332 (1)
Total Expenditures of State Awards				\$ 82,698	\$ 635,639	\$ 670,489	\$ 117,548

⁽¹⁾ Due from grantor at June 30, 2013.

⁽²⁾ The Schedule excludes in-kind contributions

EAST TENNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Notes to Schedules of State and Federal Awards June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of state and federal awards (the "Schedules") include the state and federal grant activity of East Tennessee Development District (the "District") under programs of the state and federal government for the year ended June 30, 2013. The information in these Schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in these Schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance ("CFDA") numbers are presented for those programs for which such numbers were available. All programs are presented by the state and federal department. Because the Schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the District, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedules are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-122, *Cost Principles for Non-profit Organizations*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - LOANS

Loans made by the District to eligible participants under Revolving Loan Fund Program during the year ended June 30, 2013 are summarized as follows:

Revolving Loan Fund Program
Loans Disbursement \$ 622,168



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors
East Tennessee Development District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of East Tennessee Development District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements of the District, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Knoxville, Tennessee

Rodefor Moss + Co, PUC

November 13, 2013



<u>Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on</u>
Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*

To the Board of Directors
East Tennessee Development District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited East Tennessee Development District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Knoxville, Tennessee

Rodefor Moss + Co, PUC

November 13, 2013

EAST TENNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial	Statements
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None noted

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Reportable condition(s) identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses?	$\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ yes \underline{X} none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes X no
Reportable condition(s) identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses?	$\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ yes \underline{X} none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	
major programs	Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	
Reported in accordance with Circular A-133,	
Section 510(a)	yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
11.307	Revolving Loan Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	
between type A and type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes _no
Section II - Financial Statement Findings	
None noted	
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	