Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2015

# EAST TENNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Financial Statements and Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2015

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Schedule of Directors and Officials Year Ended June 30, 2015

## **Board of Directors**

## **Officers**

Chairman: Troy Beets, City of Kingston Mayor (July-November)
Chairman: Larry Waters, Sevier County Mayor (December-June)

Vice-Chairman: Bill Brittain, Hamblen County Mayor

Secretary: Vacant

Treasurer: Terry Frank, Anderson County Mayor

## **Executive Committee Members**

Terry Frank, Anderson County Mayor Donald R. Mull, Mayor of Alcoa E.L. Morton, Campbell County Mayor Jack C. Daniels, Claiborne County Mayor Crystal Ottinger, Cocke County Mayor Terry Wolfe, Mayor of Bean Station Bill Brittain, Hamblen County Mayor Rodney K. Davis, Jefferson County Development Representative Tim Burchett, Knox County Mayor Rollen "Buddy" Bradshaw, Loudon County Mayor Tim Yates, Monroe County Mayor Don Edwards, Morgan County Executive Ron Woody, Roane County Executive Tim Neal, City of Kingston Mayor Dale Perdue, Scott County Mayor Larry Watters, Sevier County Mayor Johnny Merritt, City of Luttrell Mayor

## **Tennessee General Assembly**

Senator Ken Yager Representative Kelly Keisling

## **Minority Members-at-Large**

Roland Dykes, III

Schedule of Directors and Officials (Continued)

## **Other Members of the Board of Directors**

## Anderson County

Mr. Tim Thompson Mayor Scott Burton Mayor Michael Lovely Mayor Chris Mitchell Mayor Warren Gooch

## **Blount County**

Mayor Ed Mitchell Mr. Bryan Daniels Mayor Andy Lawhorn Mayor Tom Taylor Mayor Tom Bickers Mayor Michael Talley Mayor Carl Koella

## Campbell County

Mayor Chris Stanley Mayor Jack Cannon Mr. Andy Wallace Mayor Mike Stanfield Mayor Forester Baird

## Claiborne County

Mayor Bill McGaffee Mayor Bill Fultz Mayor Phil Greer Ms. Robin Mason Mayor Wayne Jessie

## Cocke County

Mayor Connie Ball Mayor DeWayne Daniel Mr. Glenn Ray

## Morgan County

Mayor Buddy Miller Mayor Jonathan Dagley Mayor Dennis Reagan Ms. Sharon Heidel

## **Grainger County**

Mr. David Lietzke Mayor Patsy McElhaney Mayor Danny Turley Mayor Mark Hipsher

## **Hamblen County**

Mr. Marshall Ramsey Mayor Danny Thomas

## Jefferson County

Mayor George A. Gantte Mayor J. Clint Hurley Mayor Charles Guinn Mayor Stanley Wilder Mayor Alan Palmieri Mayor Mark Potts

## **Knox County**

Ms. Sarah Fansler Mayor Ralph McGill Mayor Madeline Rogero

## **Loudon County**

Mayor Tom Peeler Mayor Tony Aikens Mayor Jim Greenway Mayor Chris Miller Mr. Pat Phillips

## Monroe County

Mr. Bryan Hall Mayor Doyle Lowe Mayor Glenn Moser Mayor Patrick Hawkins Mayor Bob Lovingood

## Roane County

Mayor Chris Mason Mayor Tim Neal Mayor Jerry Vann Mayor Mike Miller Mr. Wade Creswell

## EAST TENNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Directors and Officials (Continued)

## Other Members of the Board of Directors (Continued)

## Scott County

Mr. David Cross Mayor Jack E. Lay Mayor Virgil D. Cecil Mayor George W. Potter

## **Union County**

Mayor Mike Williams Mayor H.E. Richardson Mayor Gary Chandler

## Sevier County

Mayor Mike Helton Mayor David Wear Mayor Glenn Cardwell Mayor Bryan Atchley Ms. Earlene Teaster



## **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors East Tennessee Development District

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the East Tennessee Development District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 6 - 12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Directors and Officials is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Directors and Officials has not been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2015 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Knoxville, Tennessee December 9, 2015

Rodefor Moss + Co, PUC

June 30, 2015

Within this section of the East Tennessee Development District's (the "District") financial report, management provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The District's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

## Financial Highlights

- The District's assets exceed its liabilities by \$3,193,997 ("net position") for the fiscal year reported. This compares to the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,125,893.
- Net position consist of the following:
  - (1) Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of \$28,142.
  - (2) Net positions amounting to \$1,197,125 and \$12,356 are restricted for use in the Economic Development Agency Revolving Loan Fund Program ("EDA RLF") and the Small and Minority Business Loan program, respectively.
  - (3) Unrestricted net position of \$1,956,374 represent the portion available to maintain the District's continuing obligations to local governments, grantors and creditors.
- The District's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$3,743,226 for the year ended June 30, 2015. This compares to the prior year fund balance of \$3,661,190. Of these amounts, \$1,790,275 and \$1,785,384 were reserved for the EDA RLF Program and the Small and Minority Owned Business Program for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.
- Total liabilities of the District's governmental funds at year end decreased \$4,999 to \$191,709. Of the total liabilities, \$108,212 consists of an inner-district liability of the Grants Management Fund payable to the General Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

## **Overview of Financial Statements**

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduce the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: government-wide financial statements; fund financial statements; and notes to the financial statements. The District also includes in this report additional information to supplement the financial statements.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The District's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements both provide long-term and short-term information about the District's status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide financial statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the District-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

## **Overview of Financial Statements (Continued)**

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when the cash is received or disbursed. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the District's local governments and grantors.

Both government-wide financial statements are designed to distinguish between governmental activities supported mostly by grants and assessments and business-type activities. However, all of the District's activities fall within governmental activities category.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's funds rather than the District as a whole. The district utilizes one type of fund: governmental funds.

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Schedule of Expenditure of State Awards and the Schedule of Directors and Officials.

## Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District implemented the new financial reporting model used in this report beginning with fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole.

## Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole (Continued)

The District's net position increased \$68,104 during the fiscal year from a beginning balance of \$3,125,893 to \$3,193,997 at fiscal year end.

At this time, both state and federal grant programs appear to be stable. The rural transportation program will continue to be funded with a 10% match from the District. Grant administration services to participating cities and counties within our region remain stable as well with multiple new projects that have been approved for funding in addition to the projects we were providing administrative services for as of June 30, 2015. The District continues cost control efforts as reflected in our financial statements.

## Summary of Net Position

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 2,813,689	\$ 2,499,975
Restricted assets	1,013,034	1,257,536
Capital assets	 28,142	 42,074
Total assets	\$ 3,854,865	\$ 3,799,585
Current liabilities	\$ 83,497	\$ 96,321
Small and minority owned business loan payable	 577,371	 577,371
Total liabilities	\$ 660,868	\$ 673,692
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets	\$ 28,142	\$ 42,074
Restricted for revolving loan fund	1,197,125	1,191,920
Small and minority owned business loan program	12,356	15,591
Unrestricted	 1,956,374	 1,876,308
Total net position	\$ 3,193,997	\$ 3,125,893

The Summary of Net Position table shows an increase in total net position in the current year over the previous year of \$68,104. We have improved our collections process which decreases our accounts receivable position, received loan forgiveness on some of our delinquent loans in the Small and Minority Owned Business loan program, and maintained good control over our payables, which improves current liabilities position, all which are reflective of the increase in net position.

## Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole (Continued)

The comparative data provided below is a summary of changes in net position for the current and previous fiscal years:

## Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2015	% of Total	2014	% of Total
Revenues				
Programs revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,083,680	49.1%	\$ 1,012,527	49.3%
Operating grants	1,082,034	49.0%	999,364	48.6%
General revenues:				
Interest earned	 43,312	<u>2.0%</u>	 42,856	2.1%
Total revenues	\$ 2,209,026	100.0%	\$ 2,054,747	100.0%
Expenses				
General government	\$ 1,212,764	56.6%	\$ 1,099,444	54.0%
Public services	 928,158	<u>43.4</u> %	 935,757	<u>46.0</u> %
Total expenses	\$ 2,140,922	<u>100.0</u> %	\$ 2,035,201	<u>100.0</u> %
Change in net position	\$ 68,104		\$ 19,546	
Net position at the beginning of the year	 3,125,893		 3,106,347	
Net position at the end of the year	\$ 3,193,997		\$ 3,125,893	

In review of the Summary of Changes in Net Position, there have been a few shifts from the previous year. The charges for services have increased \$71,153 mainly due to the increase of services in Grant administration that we could bill for this year over the last year. Our operating grants increased \$82,670 mainly due to the increase funds available to operate the Emergency Repair Program that we had this year over last year. The public service expenses have decreased this year over last year mainly due an increase in the amount of services we are providing in local planning this year.

## Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

## **Governmental Funds**

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term inflow and outflow of expendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at year-end in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balance of \$3,743,226. Of this year-end total \$1,952,951 is unassigned indicating availability for continuing District requirements. Restricted fund balances of \$1,790,275 are reserved for the EDA RLF Program \$1,200,345, and the Small and Minority Owned Business Loan Program \$589,930. Fund balances increased this year by \$82,036. Key factors contributing to this increase are grant administration and Emergency Repair Program revenues were up.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The District has no proprietary funds.

## **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

## **Capital Assets**

The District's capital assets, \$176,034, net of accumulated depreciation (\$147,892) amounted to \$28,142. Additions and disposals made to capital assets during the fiscal year amounted to \$11,181 and \$17,504, respectively. Depreciation expense for the year amounted to \$25,113.

## **Long-term Debt and Bond Ratings**

The District has no long-term debt. Development District legislation has no provision authorizing the issuance of bonds.

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The Tennessee economy experienced strong growth during the first 6 months of 2015. Personal incomes in Tennessee are expected to grow by 4.0% in 2015 and 4.3% in 2016. Per capita incomes will grow by 3.0% in 2015 and 3.3% in 2016 but still lag significantly behind the national average. Compared to the nation, Tennessee's per capita personal income will be only 88.0 percent of the U.S. average in 2015 as opposed to 90.7 percent in 2004. Job growth is expected to be 1.8 percent in 2015 followed by 1.7 percent growth in 2016. Growth in Tennessee's non-farm employment will be driven by broad expansions across all sectors of Tennessee's economy with especially strong growth in the construction sector.

Tennessee's unemployment rate continues to decline, falling from 6.5 percent in the first quarter of 2015 to 5.8 percent in the second quarter. This was the first time since 2008 that the state unemployment rate has dropped below 6 percent. Projections indicate that the unemployment rate will drop to 5.7 percent in the second half of 2015 and then average 5.6 percent in 2016. This will be driven by a combination of a drop in unemployed people and a rise in employed people (CBER Tennessee Economic Outlook for 2015). Within the District region, several large industrial locations and expansions have occurred in 2015. In Sevier County, the location of OTICS Manufacturing will create 117 new jobs and the company will invest over \$69.5 million in the construction of a new building in the Interstate 40 Industrial Park. The expansion of Team Health in Blount County will result in the creation of 350 new jobs and the company expects to invest up to \$5.875 million in the construction of a new 25,000 sf facility. In Campbell County, the Matix Corporation will invest \$8.2 million to expand their facility and create 40 new jobs.

The housing sector continues its sustained expansion as low cost financing and affordable prices have combined to bolster existing home sales levels. As demand for inventory increases, housing developers are continuing to add new housing stock at a pace not seen since the pre-recession years. In Knox County, over 2,400 new residential units were added to the local inventory and the value of residential construction increased to \$327 million in 2014 from \$294.6 million in 2013.

The impact of tourism and tourism related industries has a profound effect on the economy of the District. As a primary gateway to the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, the region annually hosts over 11 million visitors to the Park and its environs. Dollywood in Pigeon Forge (#1), the Ripley Aquarium in Gatlinburg (#3) and Ober Gatlinburg in Gatlinburg (#5) rank as three of the top five non-public tourist attractions in the State of Tennessee. Other tourism attractions in the region include the Cherokee National Forest, the Big South Fork National Recreation Area, six TVA lakes, and a myriad of other smaller attractions that dot the region. Tourism generates substantial employment, payroll income and tax revenues for the region. Sensitive to the relative health of the national economy, tourism related revenues have historically increased on an annual basis but during the recessionary period of 2008 to 2009; a rare 6.6% region-wide

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget (Continued)**

decrease was recorded. Since that recessionary period, a sustained recovery in tourism revenues has continued. Although tourism revenues slowed somewhat in 2012, the sector rebounded strongly in 2013. During 2013, tourism expenditures increased by 3.1% over 2012 levels, jobs increased by 1.9% over 2012 levels and total tax collections increased by 4.5% over 2012.

At the federal level, continued uncertainty regarding annual budget levels for programs is still a cause for anxiety among all benefactors of federal funding. In 2014 Congress managed to pass an Omnibus Budget Agreement fairly early in the year that provided some modicum of stability to state and local governments. However, in 2015 a budget still has not yet been passed and continuing resolutions are being used to keep the US government open. An additional source of concern is the need to increase the debt ceiling in early November - failure to act in a timely fashion could wreck havoc on the bond market and the overall health of the financial marketplace.

In 2013, the District recently received confirmation from the Economic Development Administration that another 3 years of funding was approved at a level of \$58,500 per year. In early 2014, the District received word from EDA that an additional \$13,500 over three years had been awarded .The cumulative level of both awards is marginally lower than the \$63,000 annual contribution that the District received in 2012 but certainly a welcome commitment in tight budget times. Likewise for the Appalachian Regional Commission – the District expects to receive \$132,986 in calendar year 2015, the same amount that the District received in calendar year 2014. Although overall levels of federal funding have decreased, the District is faring comparatively well given the current fiscal climate.

At the state level, the District has received commitments from various state departments to fund all of the District's existing state funded activities. The Tennessee Department of Transportation ("TDOT") will continue to fund the two Rural Transportation Organizations at level funding, TACIR will continue to fund the infrastructure survey at level funding and the THDA will maintain its \$20,000 commitment for housing advocacy. The Historical Commission will increase the District's historic preservation funding by \$6,000 during FY 2015. Funding from TDEC for the regional solid waste program was increased substantially to \$63,450. Also, the Tennessee General Assembly appropriated an additional \$50,000 for the District beyond the annual \$180,000 funding level. Beyond these modest variations, the District's funding from the State of Tennessee remains stable and reliable.

Internally, the District expects to continue to garner grant administration revenue from the Community Development Block Grant Program, the FastTrack Infrastructure Development Program and the US Economic Development Administration. Total annual revenues from these programs should be slightly higher than past annual levels.

In summary, even during the tight budget environment, both the Federal Government and the State of Tennessee have continued to fund all of the District's current programs. All indications are that the Federal Government and the State of Tennessee will continue to fund the District's programs at current or slightly higher levels for the foreseeable future. This expectation, coupled with an accelerated economic recovery in the region, leave the District in a somewhat favorable position for the coming year. Although the rural portions of the region are still experiencing relatively high unemployment rates, growth in the construction and natural resources sector is robust and significant increases in business investment are evident throughout the region. The economic outlook for the State of Tennessee for 2016 includes sustained new job growth and healthy increases in household income averages. Given these factors, along with historic low interest rates, and increased consumer confidence and spending, economic activity in our region is expected to be above average in fiscal year 2016.

## **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like additional information, contact the District's Fiscal Officer at P.O. Box 249, Alcoa, TN 37701-0249.

## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

ASSETS			
Current Assets - Unrestricted			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,827,766	
Accounts receivable		95,918	
Intergovernmental receivables		108,212	
Prepaid expenses		4,552	
Total current assets - unrestricted			\$ 2,036,448
Current Assets - Restricted			
Cash and cash equivalents		883,196	
Revolving Loan Fund, current maturities		82,885	
Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Program, current maturities		46,953	
Total current assets - restricted			 1,013,034
Total current assets			3,049,482
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			28,142
Revolving Loan Fund, less current maturities			777,241
Total assets			\$ 3,854,865
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	223	
Accrued leave		82,436	
Other current liabilities		838	
Total current liabilities			\$ 83,497
Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Payable			 577,371
Total liabilities			\$ 660,868
NET POSTTVON			
NET POSITION	ф	20.142	
Investment in capital assets	\$	28,142	
Restricted for Revolving Loan Fund		1,197,125	
Restricted for Small and Minority Owned Business Loan Program Unrestricted		12,356	
Uniestricted	_	1,956,374	
Total net position			\$ 3,193,997

## Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Program Revenues					
			C	harges for		Operating		
Function / Programs	]	Expenses	Services		Grants		N	et Revenue
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	1,212,764	\$	1,083,680	\$	-	\$	(129,084)
Public service		928,158				1,082,034		153,876
Total governmental activities	\$	2,140,922	\$	1,083,680	\$	1,082,034		24,792
General revenues Interest earned								2,958
Public service revenue Interest earned								40,354
Increase in net position								68,104
Net position at the beginning of the year								3,125,893
Net position at the end of the year							\$	3,193,997

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

		General	_	rants	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Current Assets - Unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,827,766	\$		\$	1,827,766
Accounts receivable	Ψ	95,918	Ψ	_	Ψ	95,918
Due from other funds		108,212		-		108,212
Intergovernmental receivables		-		108,212		108,212
Prepaid expenses		4,552				4,552
Total current assets - unrestricted		2,036,448		108,212		2,144,660
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		883,196		_		883,196
Revolving Loan Fund, current maturities		82,885		_		82,885
Small and Minority-Owned Business		, , , , , ,				- ,
Loan Program, current maturities		46,953	-			46,953
Total current assets - restricted		1,013,034				1,013,034
Total current assets		3,049,482		108,212		3,157,694
Revolving Loan Fund, less current maturities		777,241				777,241
Total assets	\$	3,826,723	\$	108,212	\$	3,934,935
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	223	\$	_	\$	223
Accrued leave		82,436		_		82,436
Other current liabilities		838		-		838
Due to other funds				108,212		108,212
Total current liabilities	_	83,497		108,212		191,709
Fund balances						
Restricted for						
Restricted for Revolving Loan Fund		1,200,345		//-		1,200,345
Small and Minority Owned Business Loan Program Unassigned		589,930		// -		589,930
Onassigned	_	1,952,951	-	1 1		1,952,951
Total fund balances		3,743,226	-	<u> </u>		3,743,226
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,826,723	\$	108,212	\$	3,934,935

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Total fund balance - total governmental funds \$ 3,743,226

Amounts reported for government activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets of \$176,034 net of accumulated depreciation of \$147,892 are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. See Note 4. 28,142

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. See Note 9 for additional detail. (577,371)

Net position of governmental activities

3,193,997

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

Local contracts       360,282       -       360,282         Regional planning       284,535       -       284,535         Administrative contracts       231,175       -       231,175         Local assessments       188,164       -       188,164         Contributions - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Interest income       39,835       -       39,835         Other revenue       23,001       -       23,001         Total revenue       1,126,992       1,082,034       2,209,026         Expenditures         Salaries       553,733       352,541       906,274         Fringe benefits       286,170       182,194       468,364         Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629			Grants	
Grantor contributions         \$ - \$ 913,126 \$ 913,126           Local contracts         360,282 - 360,282           Regional planning         284,535 - 284,535           Administrative contracts         231,175 - 231,175           Local assessments         188,164 - 188,164           Contributions - in-kind         - 168,908 168,908           Interest income         39,835 - 39,835           Other revenue         23,001 - 23,001           Total revenue         1,126,992 1,082,034 2,209,026           Expenditures         553,733 352,541 906,274           Fringe benefits         286,170 182,194 468,364           Grant expenses         171,208 109,002 280,210           Grant expenses - in-kind         - 168,908 168,908           Rent - office, storage, and equipment         48,042 30,587 78,629		General Fund	Management	Total
Local contracts       360,282       -       360,282         Regional planning       284,535       -       284,535         Administrative contracts       231,175       -       231,175         Local assessments       188,164       -       188,164         Contributions - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Interest income       39,835       -       39,835         Other revenue       23,001       -       23,001         Total revenue       1,126,992       1,082,034       2,209,026         Expenditures         Salaries       553,733       352,541       906,274         Fringe benefits       286,170       182,194       468,364         Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629	Revenue			
Regional planning       284,535       -       284,535         Administrative contracts       231,175       -       231,175         Local assessments       188,164       -       188,164         Contributions - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Interest income       39,835       -       39,835         Other revenue       23,001       -       23,001         Total revenue       1,126,992       1,082,034       2,209,026         Expenditures         Salaries       553,733       352,541       906,274         Fringe benefits       286,170       182,194       468,364         Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629	Grantor contributions	\$ -	\$ 913,126	\$ 913,126
Administrative contracts       231,175       -       231,175         Local assessments       188,164       -       188,164         Contributions - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Interest income       39,835       -       39,835         Other revenue       23,001       -       23,001         Total revenue       1,126,992       1,082,034       2,209,026         Expenditures         Salaries       553,733       352,541       906,274         Fringe benefits       286,170       182,194       468,364         Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629	Local contracts	360,282	-	360,282
Administrative contracts       231,175       -       231,175         Local assessments       188,164       -       188,164         Contributions - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Interest income       39,835       -       39,835         Other revenue       23,001       -       23,001         Total revenue       1,126,992       1,082,034       2,209,026         Expenditures         Salaries       553,733       352,541       906,274         Fringe benefits       286,170       182,194       468,364         Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629	Regional planning	284,535	_	284,535
Contributions - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Interest income       39,835       -       39,835         Other revenue       23,001       -       23,001         Total revenue       1,126,992       1,082,034       2,209,026         Expenditures         Salaries       553,733       352,541       906,274         Fringe benefits       286,170       182,194       468,364         Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629		231,175	-	231,175
Contributions - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Interest income       39,835       -       39,835         Other revenue       23,001       -       23,001         Total revenue       1,126,992       1,082,034       2,209,026         Expenditures         Salaries       553,733       352,541       906,274         Fringe benefits       286,170       182,194       468,364         Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629	Local assessments	188,164	-	188,164
Other revenue         23,001         -         23,001           Total revenue         1,126,992         1,082,034         2,209,026           Expenditures         Salaries         553,733         352,541         906,274           Fringe benefits         286,170         182,194         468,364           Grant expenses         171,208         109,002         280,210           Grant expenses - in-kind         -         168,908         168,908           Rent - office, storage, and equipment         48,042         30,587         78,629	Contributions - in-kind	-	168,908	168,908
Other revenue         23,001         -         23,001           Total revenue         1,126,992         1,082,034         2,209,026           Expenditures         Salaries         553,733         352,541         906,274           Fringe benefits         286,170         182,194         468,364           Grant expenses         171,208         109,002         280,210           Grant expenses - in-kind         -         168,908         168,908           Rent - office, storage, and equipment         48,042         30,587         78,629	Interest income	39,835	-	39,835
Expenditures Salaries 553,733 352,541 906,274 Fringe benefits 286,170 182,194 468,364 Grant expenses 171,208 109,002 280,210 Grant expenses - in-kind - 168,908 Rent - office, storage, and equipment 48,042 30,587 78,629	Other revenue	23,001		23,001
Salaries       553,733       352,541       906,274         Fringe benefits       286,170       182,194       468,364         Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629	Total revenue	1,126,992	1,082,034	2,209,026
Fringe benefits       286,170       182,194       468,364         Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629	Expenditures			
Grant expenses       171,208       109,002       280,210         Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629	Salaries		352,541	906,274
Grant expenses - in-kind       -       168,908       168,908         Rent - office, storage, and equipment       48,042       30,587       78,629	Fringe benefits	286,170	182,194	468,364
Rent - office, storage, and equipment 48,042 30,587 78,629	Grant expenses	171,208	109,002	280,210
	Grant expenses - in-kind	-	168,908	168,908
Planning expense 44 389 28 261 72 650	Rent - office, storage, and equipment	48,042	30,587	78,629
1 mining expense 72,030	Planning expense	44,389	28,261	72,650
Travel 18,301 7,651 25,952	Travel	18,301	7,651	25,952
Equipment repairs and maintenance 9,530 6,067 15,597	Equipment repairs and maintenance	9,530	6,067	15,597
Memberships and publications 9,208 5,863 15,071	Memberships and publications	9,208	5,863	15,071
Conferences and meetings 9,094 5,790 14,884	Conferences and meetings	9,094	5,790	14,884
Insurance premiums 8,549 5,442 13,991	Insurance premiums	8,549	5,442	13,991
·	•	7,027	4,473	11,500
	Capital purchases	6,832		11,181
Telephone and e-mail services 6,807 4,333 11,140	Telephone and e-mail services	6,807	4,333	11,140
•	•	5,991		9,805
•	-		3,737	9,606
	• • •			8,347
• •				3,362
				1,519
Total expenditures 1,198,832 928,158 2,126,990	Total expenditures	1,198,832	928,158	2,126,990
Erross (deficiency) of revenues even	Transa (deficiency) of mayonyas ave-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (71,840) 153,876 82,036	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(71,840)	153,876	82,036
Other financing sources (uses)	Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers from other funds 153,876 - 153,876	Transfers from other funds	153,876	_ / -	153,876
Transfers to other funds (153,876) (153,876)	Transfers to other funds		(153,876)	(153,876)
Net other financing sources (uses) 153,876 (153,876)	Net other financing sources (uses)	153,876	(153,876)	
Net increase in fund balance 82,036 - 82,036	Net increase in fund balance	82,036		82,036
Fund balances at the beginning of the year 3,661,190 - 3,661,190	Fund balances at the beginning of the year	3,661,190	_	3,661,190
Fund balances at the end of the year <u>\$ 3,743,226</u> <u>\$ - \$ 3,743,226</u>	Fund balances at the end of the year	\$ 3,743,226	\$ -	\$ 3,743,226

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2014

Increase in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$82,036

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and recorded as deprecation expense. Depreciation expense in the current period was \$25,113. There were \$11,181 in net capital purchases.

[13,932]

Increase in Net Position - Governmental Activities \$68,104

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

East Tennessee Development District (the "District") follows GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

**Financial Reporting Entity** - The District is a political subdivision of the State of Tennessee created in accordance with Chapter 241 of the Public Acts of 1965. The District was established in 1966 as a means for the counties and municipalities within the district to effectively organize themselves to carry on general and comprehensive planning and development activities. The District serves Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Hamblen, Jefferson, Knox, Loudon, Morgan, Monroe, Roane, Scott, Sevier and Union Counties, in the State of Tennessee. There are no other entities which comprise the reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity.

## **Basis of Presentation**

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The District only participates in governmental activities. These activities are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The District's funds are categorized as governmental. An emphasis is placed on major funds. Both of the District's funds are considered to be major because total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

### **Governmental Funds**

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

#### **Major Funds**

The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows:

<u>General</u> - The fund accounts for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Grants Management Fund - The fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of all grants received.

**Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting** - Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

**Measurement Focus** - On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used.

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. The funds use fund balance as the measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting - In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable is defined as knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available is defined as collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

When both restricted and unrestricted sources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted as they are needed.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** - For reporting purposes, the District considers all demand accounts and certificates of deposits to be cash equivalents.

**Interfund Receivables and Payables -** During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

**Receivables** - In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include grants, assessments, and contractual reimbursements.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables include revenue accruals such as grants and other intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available.

**Notes Receivable** - The notes receivable consist of loans to various local business through the Revolving Loan Fund and Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan program, further discussed in Notes 8 and 9, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Capital Assets - In the governmental-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Computer equipment 3 years Autos and other equipment 5 years

## **Equity Classifications**

## **Government-wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

## Fund Financial Statements

*Non-spendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (i.e., inventories) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund). Non-spendable fund balance also includes the long-term portion of loans and notes receivable and property acquired for resale.

*Restricted* fund balances have constraints imposed by grantors, creditors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances result when the government's governing body imposes constraints through formal action of that body. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes the constraint using the same type of action that was used to commit those amounts. The government would commit, modify or rescind those funds by a vote of the Executive Committee.

Assigned fund balances are constrained by the government's intent for those assigned amounts to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the governing body, a body to which the governing body has delegated authority (i.e., a budget or finance committee), or an official that the governing body has designated. The Executive Director or Deputy Director would be authorized to assign these funds. This would be treated on a case by case basis as authorized by a vote of the Executive Committee.

Any residual fund balance remaining after all of the other categories of fund balance have been determined is categorized as *unassigned* fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

## **Equity Classifications - (Continued)**

## <u>Fund Financial Statements - (Continued)</u>

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then use unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used. As of June 30, 2015, the District did not have committed or assigned fund balances.

**Restricted Assets** - Restricted assets include cash and notes receivable of the general fund that are legally restricted as to their use. These assets are related to the Economic Development Agency Revolving Loan Fund Program and the Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Program.

Concentration of Risk - Financial instruments that potentially subject the District to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash. The District places its cash with financial institutions and, at times, such balances may exceed federally insured amounts. At June 30, 2015, all of the District's bank accounts were fully insured either by the FDIC or by the banks' participation in the State of Tennessee's collateral pool.

Compensated Absences - The District's employees are granted annual leave in varying amounts per month based on years of service, as well as 37.5 hours in personal leave per fiscal year. Annual leave may be accumulated in an amount up to 450 hours; amounts in excess of 450 hours at June 30 will be forfeited. At June 30, 2015, accrued annual leave amounted to \$82,436. Up to 15 hours of unused personal leave may be carried over to the next year. The unused portion is forfeited. The unearned portion of personal leave is forfeited upon termination of employment. Prior to December 31, 1998, employees were granted sick leave. Accrued sick leave may be used for bereavement and in conjunction with short-term and/or long-term disability and is forfeited at termination.

**Revenues** - Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) operating grants; and (2) charges for services for local assessments, local contracts, and administrative contracts. Interest and other revenue are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

**In-kind Revenue and Expenditures** - The District administers the elderly repair program which requires an in-kind match of labor or materials from the home-owner. The match is determined by the number of labor hours at minimum wage and the actual cost of the materials and is recorded as in-kind revenue and in-kind grant expenses. In-kind revenue and grant expenses were \$168,908 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

**Expenditures/Expenses** - In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for government type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character: Current (further classified by function)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

**Interfund Transfers** - Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity, are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual government funds have been eliminated.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Date of Management's Review** - Management has evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to the statement of net position date for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed in these financial statements. The evaluation was conducted through the date of the report, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's bank deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance and collateral held in the District's name in the Bank Collateral Pool monitored by the State of Tennessee Treasury Department.

## **NOTE 3 - ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS**

The District contracts to provide accounting and administrative services to Areawide Development Corporation Reimbursement. Accounting and administrative costs totaled \$334,438 (included in local contract revenue) for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Changes in capital assets are summarized as follows:

	Balance as of		of				Balance as of		
		7/1/14		Additions		Retirements		6/30/15	
Governmental activities									
Furniture and equipment Automobile	\$	111,153 71,204	\$	11,181	\$	17,504	\$	104,830 71,204	
	\$	182,357	\$	11,181	\$	17,504	\$	176,034	
Accumulated depreciation									
Furniture and equipment	\$	91,423	\$	13,752	\$	17,504	\$	87,671	
Automobiles		48,860		11,361		-		60,221	
	\$	140,283	\$	25,113	\$	17,504	\$	147,892	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	42,074	\$	(13,932)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	28,142	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$	6,278
Public services		18,835
m	¢	25 112
Total depreciation expense	<u> </u>	25,113

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **NOTE 5 - OPERATING LEASES**

East Tennessee Development District leases facilities, a storage location, and office equipment under operating leases. Rent expense under these leases for the year ended June 30, 2015, was \$78,629. Operating lease requirements under these agreements for the next five years and thereafter will be approximately:

2016	\$	79,613
2017		79,200
2018		79,200
2019		79,200
2020		79,200
Thereafter		2,039,400
	Φ.	2 425 912
	Ф	2,435,813

## NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLANS

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

Employees of the East Tennessee Development District may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b) (Deferred Compensations Plans With Respect to Service for State and Local Governments). The District adopted GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, in 1998. In accordance with GASB No. 32, the separate assets and liabilities of the plan are in a separate trust and therefore are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The Plan is administered by Mass Mutual Financial Group (previously known as Hartford Life Insurance Company) effective January 1, 2012. Previously, the Plan was administered by Nationwide Retirement Consulting Group.

Employees are eligible on the first day of the month following completion of six months of continuous service. The Plan permits salary reduction contributions up to the maximum allowed as well as catch up contributions for employees beginning at age 50. The District matches 100% of the employee's contributions up to 5% of W-2 eligible compensation. The District may also make a discretionary contribution each year in addition to the matching contribution. There was no discretionary contribution for the year ended June 30, 2015. Employee contributions were \$60,781 and the District's match was \$43,761 for the year ended June 30, 2015. Employees are 100% vested at all times.

## **Money Purchase Pension Plan**

The District maintains a Money Purchase Pension Plan for all employees in lieu of social security deductions. The Plan is defined contribution plan, established January 1, 1983, and amended January 1, 2010, under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Plan is administered by the District. The Plan Administer has the complete power to determine all questions arising in connection with the administration, interpretation, and application of the Plan. All employees depend solely on amounts contributed by the District to the Plan. Employees must be 18 years of age in order to participate in the Plan and become eligible immediately on their hire date. The Plan has fixed employer contribution of 15.3% of W-2 eligible wages. The fixed contribution amount may be adjusted annually and equals the FICA tax rate plus the Medicare tax rate for the Plan year for both an employer and an employee subject to those taxes but no less than 7.5%. Employees are 100% vested at all times. The District's total salaries were \$906,274 in 2015. The District contributed \$138,660 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

#### NOTE 7 - REVOLVING LOAN FUND

The District administers a program whereby low interest loans are made to businesses qualifying under a long-term economic deterioration grant under Title IX, Section 903 of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended, and the Revolving Loan Fund Plan for East Tennessee Development District (the "RLF Plan") dated July 29, 1983.

Funding for the loans are provided by the U.S. Economic Development Administration ("EDA") and the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development ("TECD"), at 75% and 25%, respectively.

The June 30, 2015 balance of \$860,126 in notes receivable consists of loans to seven entities. The notes bear, at a minimum, a rate of interest of prime (as defined) minus 1%, are collateralized by certain equipment, and mature in 2019 through 2030. Current interest rates range from 5.25% to 8.00%.

The District's exposure to credit loss in the amount of nonperformance by the other party to the notes receivable is represented by the contractual amount of the notes receivable. The District evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained is based on the Revolving Loan Fund guidelines. Management periodically evaluates the need for an allowance for losses based on the known and inherent risk, adverse situations that may affect the borrowers' ability to repay, estimated value of underlying and current economic conditions. As of June 30, 2015, management does not deem an allowance necessary.

Maturities of the notes receivable are summarized as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2016	\$ 82,885
2017	89,402
2018	94,122
2019	96,190
2020	77,725
Thereafter	 419,802
	\$ 860,126

## NOTE 8 - SMALL AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS LOAN PROGRAM

The District contracted with the State of Tennessee, Department of Treasury to administer and service loans for the State's Small and Minority-Owned Business Assistance Program developed pursuant to Chapter 830 of the Tennessee Public Acts of 2004 to support outreach to new, expanding, and existing small and minority-owned businesses in Tennessee that do not have reasonable access to capital markets and traditional commercial lending facilities.

The District is responsible for re-lending funds by originating and servicing loans at below market rates to qualifying businesses located in the counties within the district for the purpose of starting and expanding the respective business of the qualifying business. The qualifying business may obtain loans that initially finance a specific project such as acquisition of machinery and equipment, working capital, supplies and materials, inventory, and other business-related activity as approved by the Program Administrator. The maximum loan amount to any one qualifying business shall not exceed \$125,000 with an interest rate between a maximum of 2% over prime or a minimum of 2% under prime. The repayment period depends upon the use of the loan proceeds: equipment - the lesser of 5 years or its useful life; working capital, supplies and inventory - 3 years; or other business-related activity - 5 years. The collateral for the loans may be business or personal and may include real property, tangible personal property, accounts receivable, certificates of deposit, and other intangibles. However, assets acquired with loan proceeds must be used to secure the loan. Personal guarantees from all principal owners (with 20% or more ownership) must be obtained.

The District has notes receivable outstanding at June 30, 2015, of \$46,953 to three entities with maturities ranging from 1 to 2 years and interest rates ranging from 5.25% to 8.00% and are collateralized based upon the established guidelines.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

## NOTE 8 - SMALL AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS LOAN PROGRAM - (Continued)

Maturities of the notes receivable are summarized as follows:

<u>Year ending June 30,</u> 2016 \$ 46,953

The District must repay the State of Tennessee the principal of all loans made under this program. The repayment of the funds has been deferred until the end of the program term, (ten years with an option to renew for additional five year terms). If the contract is terminated by the State of Tennessee for failure of the District to perform its obligations in a timely or proper manner or violation of any terms of the contract, the principal balance of all loans made under the program will be immediately due and payable on the effective date of the termination.

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position. The balance of long-term liabilities due to the Small and Minority-Owned Business Loan Program at June 30, 2015, was \$577,371.

## NOTE 9 - CHANGES IN SMALL AND MINORITY-OWNED BUSINESS LOAN PAYABLE

	Bal	ance as of					Bala	nce as of
	6/	30/2014	Increases		Decreases		6/3	0/2015
State of Tennessee								
Department of Treasury								
Small and minority owned								
business loan program	\$	577,371	\$	:	\$	_	\$	577,371

## NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District carries commercial insurance for risks of loss including general liability, property, casualty, directors' and officers' liability, automobile, and crime. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCY

The District participates in federal and state financial assistance programs. Management is not aware of any deficiencies or noncompliance issues that, upon ultimate resolution, would have a material adverse impact on the financial statements of the District.



## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2015

Grantor Agency	Program Name and CFDA Number	Contract Number	(/	eginning Accrued) Deferred	Casl	n Receipts	Expenditures	(A	Ending Accrued) Deferred	<del>.</del>
Federal Highway Administration Passed- Through to State of Tennessee, Dept. of Transportation	Rural Transportation (N) CFDA #20.205	37000 41549	\$	8,289	\$	8,289 23,900	\$ - 45,247	\$	21,347	(1)
Federal Highway Administration Passed- Through to State of Tennessee, Dept. of Transportation	Rural Transportation (S) CFDA # 20.205	37001 41550		9,356		9,356 23,484	45,966		22,482	(1)
Total Program 20.205				17,645		65,029	91,213		43,829	
U.S. Department of Commerce - Economic Development Administration	District Planning* CFDA #11.302	04-83-06728		14,625		66,937	68,625		16,313	(1)
U.S. Department of Commerce - Economic Development Administration	Revolving Loan Fund CFDA #11.307	04-39-03208		-		930,044	930,044		Ţ.	
National Park Service Passed-Through to State of Tennessee, Dept. of Environment and Conservation and TN Historical Commissic	Historic Preservation CFDA #15.904	38674 43014		12,175		12,175 20,833	29,114		8,281	(1)
Appalachian Regional Commission	District Assistance CFDA #23.009	TN-0710-B-C44 TN-0710-B-C45-15	j	-		66,493 66,493	66,493 66,493		7 :	
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Rural Development	Technical Assistance CFDA #10.769	0348-004	_	14,135	8	14,135			_	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	58,580	\$	1,242,139	\$ 1,251,982	\$	68,423	

<sup>(1)</sup> Due from grantor at June 30, 2015.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

<sup>\*</sup>The award is for 3 Calendar years 1/1/2013-12/31/2015

## Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards June 30, 2015

	Program Name and CFDA		Beginning (Accrued)			Ending (Accrued)
Grantor Agency	Number	Contract Number	Deferred	Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Deferred
Tennessee Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations	Infrastructure Program	38364 43386	\$ 21,126	\$ 21,126 49,483	\$ - 70,690	\$ - 21,207 (1)
Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation	Solid Waste Grant	GG1338884 42347	4,001	4,001 26,575	33,353	6,778 (1)
Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development	Matching Fund Grant	42606	-	150,000	150,000	-
Tennessee Housing Development Authority	Technical Assistance Grant	31620-00203 31620-00262	14,500	14,500 13,613	20,000	6,387 (1)
Tennessee Housing Development Authority	Elderly Repair Program	ERP-2015-001	-	305,872	305,872	-
Department of Transportation	Rural Transportation (S)	37001 41550	1,156	1,156 2,903	5,681	2,778 (1)
Department of Transportation	Rural Transportation (N)	37000 41549	1,024	1,024 2,954	5,592	2,638 (1)
Total Expenditures of State Awards			\$ 41,807	\$ 593,207	\$ 591,188	\$ 39,788

<sup>(1)</sup> Due from grantor at June 30, 2015.

## EAST TENNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Notes to Schedules of State and Federal Awards June 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of state and federal awards (the "Schedules") include the state and federal grant activity of East Tennessee Development District (the "District") under programs of the state and federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in these Schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in these Schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance ("CFDA") numbers are presented for those programs for which such numbers were available. All programs are presented by the state and federal department. Because the Schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the District, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedules are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-122, *Cost Principles for Non-profit Organizations*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### **NOTE 3 - LOANS**

Loans made by the District to eligible participants under Revolving Loan Fund Program during the year ended June 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

Revolving Loan Fund Program

Loans Disbursement

\$ 860,126



# Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors
East Tennessee Development District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of East Tennessee Development District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements of the District, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 09, 2015.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Knoxville, Tennessee December 9, 2015

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<u>Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on</u>
<u>Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*</u>

To the Board of Directors
East Tennessee Development District

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited East Tennessee Development District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Knoxville, Tennessee December 9, 2015

Rodefor Moss + Co, PUC

## EAST TENNESSEE DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

## **Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results**

## **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:	Unmodified
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Reportable condition(s) identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses?	$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ yes $\underline{X}$ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Reportable condition(s) identified not	<b>X</b>
considered to be material weaknesses?	$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ yes $\underline{X}$ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	
major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	
Reported in accordance with Circular A-133,	
Section 510(a)	yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
11.307	Revolving Loan Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	
between type A and type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> yes _no
Tradice qualified us for fish addice.	<u></u> yes <u>_</u> .no
Section II - Financial Statement Findings	
None noted	
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
None noted	